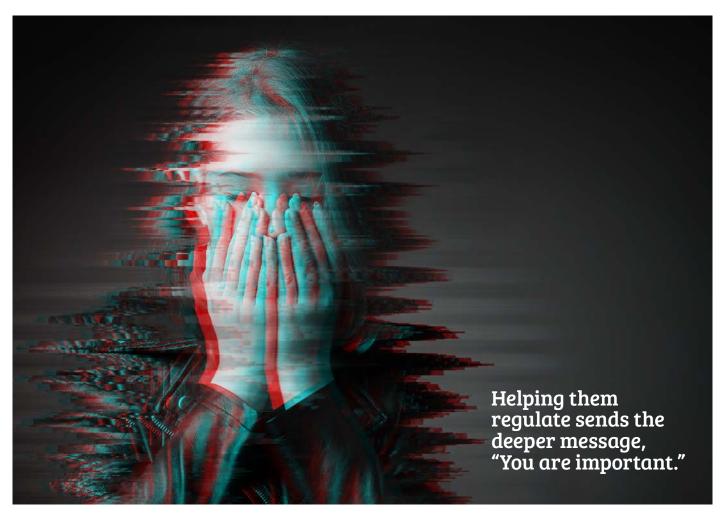
Help! What Type of **Support Does This Child Need Right Now?**



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icture the scene. A small, vocal child. "Waaah, waah, whaaA, whAAAAH, WHAAAAHH, WHAAAHHH!" Crying, screaming, legs thrashing, tears. "I don't want to!" bellowed loudly, indicating the child is not okay.

In extremis, a deeply distressed child might be silent, throwing a torrent of expletives or punches, sobbing, wrist slashing or iust rockina.

What do you, the adult, do? What do you think? How do you behave?

This article offers a cohort of models, criteria and methods for supporting a dysregulated child in that moment and enhancing their future. By combining Logical Levels and the Coach to Awakener framework with the Window of Tolerance stress model, a strategy evolves. Even though we're just focusing on the chronologically young, this framework is equally valid and useful for adults.

The Window of Tolerance

Lacking understanding, some parents wrongly try to reason with a screaming child. Dr Bruce Perry, founder of the Child Trauma Academy, says the best process is to:

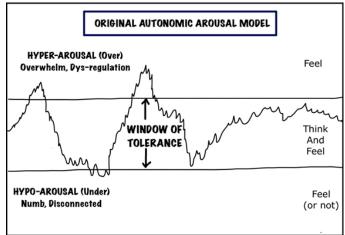
- 1. Regulate
- 2. Relate
- 3. Reason

in that specific order, because these processes roughly map across to base brain, limbic/emotional system and thinking brain. It makes sense to calm base and emotional brains before trying to engage the thinking brain. Offering logic to a sobbing person tends to escalate the situation, leaving all parties unsatisfied.

Step one is regulation of the Autonomic Nervous System (ANS). Get into the Window of Tolerance - firstly yours, then theirs. See diagram opposite.

Calibrate. How dysregulated is this child? High, medium or





low? Think of at least three interventions. Choose the best in the circumstances. Is it a hug, a word, restraint, humour, space holding, gesture, distraction?

Step two: connect to the child. Empathise. Establish rapport. Respect/acknowledge their feelings of being sad/angry/ frustrated/hurt. "I wonder if you're sad and angry."

Step three: reason. Now you can use words because they have the capacity to listen. Maybe explain. Maybe ask what/if they need help. More rapport. "I know you don't want to leave the playpark, but it's dinner time and we're all hungry."

At step three, pause before you jump in proffering help. Breathe. Reflect. Consider: where might this issue sit within the Logical Levels?

Using the Logical Levels

Robert Dilts' Neurological Levels model has the premise that each level in the hierarchy has a different structure and function in our lives. Hence, different types of support are required at each level. We:

- guide people to learn about new environments (E), and provide safe supportive caretaking
- coach them to improve specific behavioural (B) competencies
- · teach them new cognitive skills and capacities (SC)
- mentor empowering beliefs and values (BV)
- sponsor growth at the identity (I) level and
- awaken people's awareness of the larger system/field beyond identity (BI)

So, applying this framework, we might show a child the route to the classroom (E), offer tips on holding a bat (B), share a method to solve a maths problem (SC), acknowledge their effort (BV), observe potential and genuine development (I) and, ultimately, help them connect to their visions (BI) without treading on their dreams.

However, you often don't know the issue. Are they tired/ hungry/terrified/guilt-ridden/in pain/frustrated/angry/sad/ overwhelmed/scared/disgusted/lonely or a hundred other possibilities? When hyper-aroused and screaming, infants are just bundles of overwhelming emotions. That's scary. If prolonged, it's terrifying for the child. That's why you must facilitate their return to calm. Regulated deep breathing, soothing tones, connection.

Positive Sponsorship	Non-Sponsorship	Negative Sponsorship
You are seen relief, relaxed	You are not seen anxious, invisible	You should not be here afraid
You exist centred, at peace	You are not noticed desperate for attention	You are nothing undeserving
You have value satisfied	You are not valued empty	You are a problem blamed and ashamed
You are unique creative	You are nothing special passive	You are worse than others inadequate
Your contribution is important motivated and energetic	You contribute nothing worthless and unwanted	You detract guilty and a burden
You are welcome at home, loyal	You are not part of the group displaced	You are unwelcome desire to leave or escape
You belong committed	You can easily be replaced uneasy	You do not deserve to be here rejected and abandoned

8 EDUCATION

This process of attunement is how the child gradually learns to create, 'manage' and widen their own Window of Tolerance. They learn from you. Your behaviour. Your state. How wide is your tolerance window? A dysregulated adult can't calm a dysregulated child.

Helping them regulate also sends the deeper message, "You are important." You want to alleviate their distress; you love and care about them. At the Logical Level of identity, you are 'sponsoring' them. That's profound.

This chart in Dilts' book *From Coach to Awakener* gives a comparative summary of the emotional impact of positive, non and negative sponsorship. Keep this in your head as you subtly watch parent and child interactions. It's enlightening. A child's sense of self and 'identities' develop over time, hence as parents we must find multiple ways to adapt our behaviour and response at every child development stage, for over 25+ years.

Now ponder. What meaning does a child make of being ignored, berated, abandoned, bullied or criticised?

It's why the grim legacy of child maltreatment is so deep-rooted and difficult to change. Furthermore, their Window of Tolerance is narrow because during infancy no one regularly soothed their dysregulated nervous system.

I believe psycho-education empowers parents, teachers and children. A child who regularly 'loses it' will benefit from understanding the Window of Tolerance and learning breathing techniques, early warning signs and strategies – as will their teachers, parents, social workers, therapist etc. Hence, I created this chart as a tool for calibration. (A colour version is downloadable from www.FABparents.co.uk)



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Rough Guide: Autonoi		RSTAND, CAL	IBRATE. APPL	Metaphorical	"Feelings"
Arousal Level (Gradients) Hyper Mobilizing Behaviours Flight	Mobilizing	Of ANS Sympathetic Nervous	Volcanic Burning	Colour	Rage Out of control Anger
	Behaviours Flight				
(Over) Aroused	Fight	System (SNS) Both	Hot	Burnt Orange (Brown)	Anxious Excited
Dysregulated Up	eg Activity / Play	VV & SNS	Hottish Warm	0.000	Flow Calm Alert
Window	Social Engagement	Ventral Vagal (VV)	Comfortable Cool	Green	Content
Tolerance	- I wind	Both	Chilly Cold	Cyan (Turquoise	Relaxed Sluggish
Dysregulate Down Hypo	Connectedne	oss VV & DV	lcy	Blue	Zoned Ou Disassocia Numb

Resources: Robert Dilts explains how Logical Levels are impacted by trauma in two 15-minute interviews that can be found on Helen Oakwater's YouTube channel. The sponsorship table is reproduced from Dilts' 2003 book *From Coach to Awakener* and is shared with kind permission of Robert Dilts.